

1. Identification

Product identifier 866-1313 CHROMA-CHEM® BURNT UMBER T

Other means of identification

SAP Specification 000000139035

Recommended use Non-aqueous colorant

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Chromaflo Technologies Corporation
2600 Michigan Avenue
Ashtabula, OH, USA 44005-0816

Canadian facility Chromaflo Technologies Canada
235 Orenda Road
Brampton, Ontario, Canada L6T-1E6

US telephone 440-997-5137

Canadian telephone 905-451-3810

NA: EMERGENCY # (3E) 866-519-4752

GLOBAL: EMERG. # (3E) (+1) 760-476-3962

3E CONTRACT # 12154

3E ACCESS CODE 334294

CANADA: CANUTEC 613-996-6666

EMERGENCY NUMBER

Product Regulatory Services ehs_americas@chromaflo.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1 (central nervous system)
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

If product is in liquid or paste form, hazards related to dust are not considered significant. But product may contain substances that could be potential hazards if caused to become airborne due to abrasive processes.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Stoddard solvent; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified		8052-41-3	5 - 10
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.; Low boiling point naphtha		64742-89-8	3 - 7
Iron Oxide		1309-37-1	1 - 5
Polyoxyethylene nonylphenyl ether phosphate		68412-53-3	1 - 5
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic		64742-88-7	1 - 5
Xylene		1330-20-7	1 - 5
2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol		78-83-1	0.5 - 1.5
butan-1-ol; n-butanol		71-36-3	0.5 - 1.5
isobutyl acetate		110-19-0	0.5 - 1.5
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	0.5 - 1.5
Nonylphenoxypoly(ethyleneoxy)ethanol, branched		68412-54-4	0.5 - 1.5
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	0.1 - 1
Other components below reportable levels			60 - 100

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Narcosis. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapor.
6. Accidental release measures	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
8. Exposure controls/personal protection	
Occupational exposure limits	The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol (CAS 78-83-1)	PEL	300 mg/m3 100 ppm	
butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	PEL	700 mg/m3 150 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3 150 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.; Low boiling point naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)	PEL	400 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic (CAS 64742-88-7)	PEL	400 mg/m3 100 ppm	
Stoddard solvent; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m3 500 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 50 mppcf 15 mppcf	Respirable fraction. Total dust. Total dust. Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol (CAS 78-83-1)	TWA	50 ppm	
butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic (CAS 64742-88-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
Stoddard solvent; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol (CAS 78-83-1)	TWA	150 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
		50 ppm	
butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	150 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	TWA	700 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.; Low boiling point naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)	TWA	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Stoddard solvent; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (CAS 8052-41-3)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

Biological limit values
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices
Components **Value**

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

1.5 g/g

Determinant
Methylhippuric
acids

Specimen
Creatinine in
urine

Sampling Time

*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic (CAS 64742-88-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering
controls**

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to vapor/mist at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene
considerations**

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Liquid.

Color

Reddish-brown

Odor

Characteristic.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

**Initial boiling point and boiling
range**

Not available.

Flash point

82.00 °F (27.78 °C) Closed Cup

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure

Not available.

Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	1.5
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	9.372 lbs/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Narcosis. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
--	--

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not known.
----------------	------------

Components	Species	Test Results
2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol (CAS 78-83-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<u>Dermal</u>		
LD50	Rabbit	3392 mg/kg
<u>Oral</u>		
LD50	Rat	2.46 g/kg
butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<u>Dermal</u>		
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg
<u>Oral</u>		
LD50	Rat	790 mg/kg
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<u>Dermal</u>		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.	
Skin sensitization	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Iron Oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Stoddard solvent; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (CAS 8052-41-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)		
Not regulated.		
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens		
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.	
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
--------------------	--

Product		Species	Test Results
866-1313 CHROMA-CHEM® BURNT UMBER		T	
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	55.4642 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50	Fish	116.2337 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components		Species	Test Results
2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol (CAS 78-83-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	950 - 1200 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bleak (Alburnus alburnus)	1000 - 3000 mg/l, 96 hours
butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species		Test Results
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.; Low boiling point naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), medium aliphatic (CAS 64742-88-7)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
			8.8 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.		
Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)			
2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol			0.76
butan-1-ol; n-butanol			0.88
Ethyl benzene			3.15
isobutyl acetate			1.78
n-butyl acetate			1.78
Stoddard solvent; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified			3.16 - 7.15
Xylene			3.12 - 3.2
Mobility in soil	No data available.		
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.		
13. Disposal considerations			
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.		
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.		
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).		
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.		
14. Transport information			
DOT			
UN number	UN1263		

UN proper shipping name	Paint related material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	B1, B52, IB3, T2, TP1, TP29
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242

DOT BULK

BULK

UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	B1, B52, IB3, T2, TP1, TP29
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

DOT; DOT Bulk packaging type



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Nonylphenoxypoly(ethyleneoxy)ethanol, branched (CAS 68412-54-4)

Nonylphenol (NP) and Nonylphenol Ethoxylates (NPEs) Action Plan

Polyoxyethylene nonylphenyl ether phosphate (CAS 68412-53-3)

Nonylphenol (NP) and Nonylphenol Ethoxylates (NPEs) Action Plan

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol (CAS 78-83-1)

Listed.

butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)

Listed.

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Listed.

isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Listed.

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Listed.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	71-36-3	0.5 - 1.5
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	1 - 5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

2-methylpropan-1-ol; iso-butanol (CAS 78-83-1)

Low priority

butan-1-ol; n-butanol (CAS 71-36-3)

Low priority

isobutyl acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Low priority

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Low priority

US state regulations

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethyl benzene: Ethyl benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Listed: June 11, 2004

ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Listed: June 11, 2004

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Nonylphenoxypoly(ethyleneoxy)ethanol, branched (CAS 68412-54-4)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliph.; Low boiling point naphtha (CAS 64742-89-8)

Stoddard solvent; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified (CAS 8052-41-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemicals Substances Control Act	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-18-2015
Revision date 12-04-2018
Version # 08

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on data believed to be reliable and the manufacturer disclaims any liability incurred from the use or reliance upon the same. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this material will infringe any such patents, and for obtaining any required licenses. Chromaflo Technologies Corp cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.